

Alan Bell IAAF International Starters' Panel

The Development of Starter Competencies

The Agenda

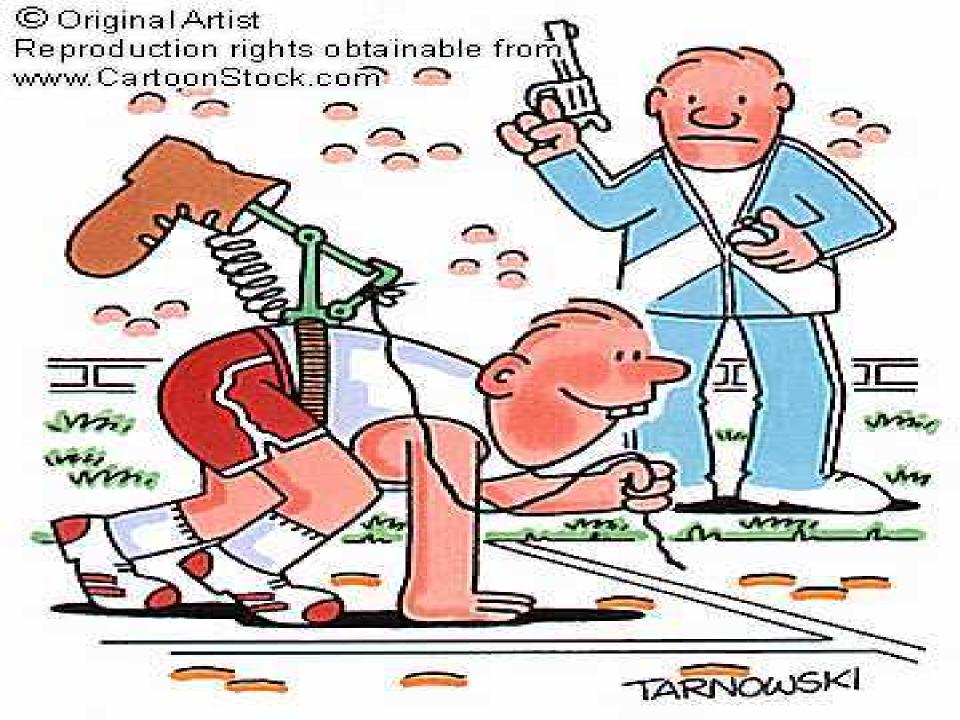


- Lessons from Berlin
- Technical rule application
- Developing good practice for starters
- The start referee
- The start co-ordinator
- Considering a model for Italy



Alan Bell IAAF International Starters' Panel

The Development of Starter Competencies





The Berlin Experience

Technical Organisation and Delivery



Start with the obvious

- No two nations have the same procedures or
 - protocols for managing the starts
- European nations are generally more consistent
 - in how they operate
- At world championship events the athletes are
- often bemused and surprised by a 'new culture' of working'



- Some athletes (and some officials) are not comfortable or experienced with technology
- The significant collaboration with television does
 - require compromise and adjustment
- Multi lingual fields create additional problems
- Have home based officials the experience

and

credentials to operate at this level?





What was good about Berlin?

- Very good team of German officials
- Excellent facilities
- Superb technology back up from Seiko
- Significant time for planning and team development before the first day
- A good test event
- No 'in team' language problems



How did the team operate?

- •Duty rota drawn up and agreed with IAAF Technical Delegate one month before competition.
- German rota of one team for 'male events' one for 'female'
- Some starters only start races of 400m and above
- Strategy to include a young (29 years)

starter.



- starters rotate from being recallers to assistants
- starter's assistant check numbers, lane positions, fingers
 and feet
- signal systems vary so much across the world (why
 - signal if all is well?)
- start co-ordinator manages whole process never starts
- a race but always acts as an extra recaller (is this
 - 'waste of expertise?)
- he uses a whistle as the control tool
- a dedicated start referee was ALWAYS at the start.



What did we learn?

- Athletes are more disciplined than in past years number of false starts has reduced
- Over reliance on the technology is an easy habit to adopt
- The starter must always maintain personal control of
 - the race and the decision making process
- Starter adaptability is crucial apply common sense
- Assistant role in checking feet is crucial
- Warning cards must be shown consistently



What of the future?-The rule change

- Starters must maintain integrity
- Starters must not rely on the technology but use it to
 - confirm decisions
- Starter's assistants must be consistent and rigorous in checking foot contacts in blocks
- Start teams must apply common sense to start situations



Integrity and Consistency

- Starter's decision will still rely on visual judgements
- At all major events FSE will be in place
- Starters <u>must</u> see the result of the FSE judgement
- Use the technology as support information

The Practice



- The Position of the FSE control is important
- Key decisions must be made by the starter
- Technician only provide the information
- The information must be close at hand
- Technical Directors need to know the needs of the start team
- Time between referral and decision is crucial for everyone



Integrity and Consistency

- Positioning of recaller must give comprehensive coverage
- Recallers 'stop' a race but do not make the decision – that is left to the starter, after consultation



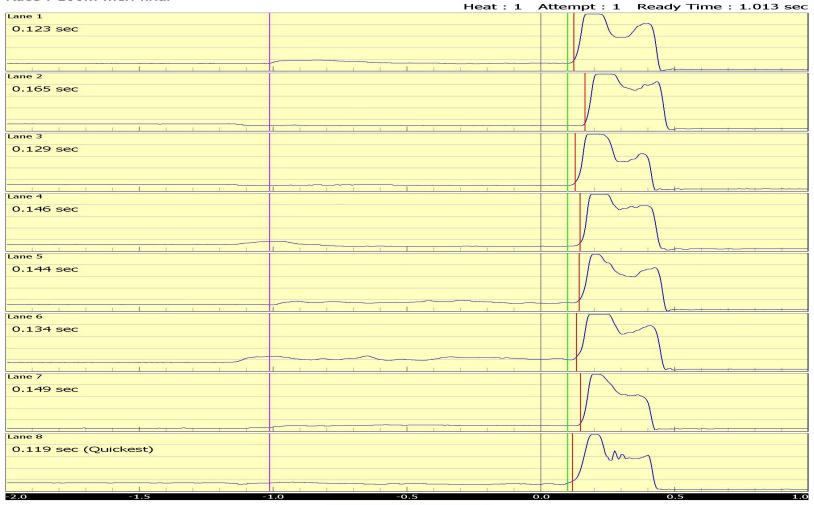
Examples from Berlin

What happened?



World Champs Berlin 2009 Race: 100m men final

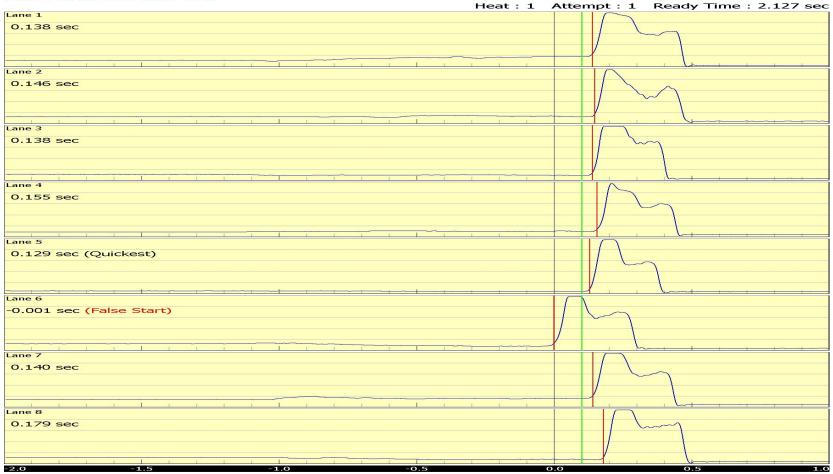
16 Aug 21:45





World Champs Berlin 2009 Race: 100m Men Semi Final

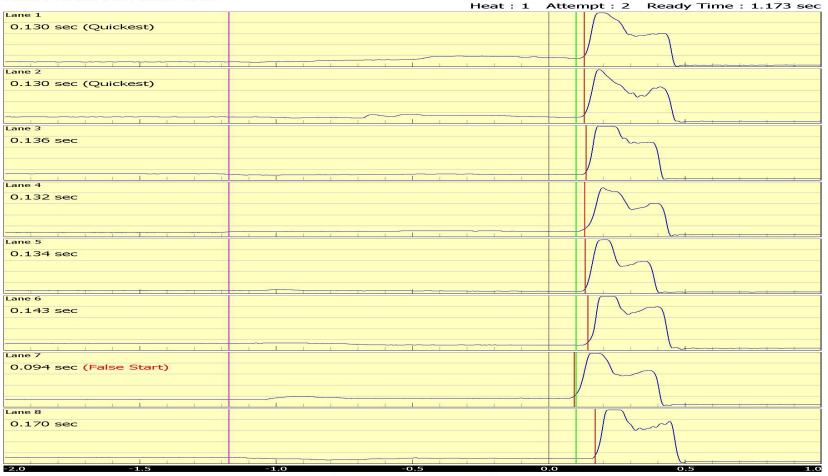
16 Aug 19:11







World Champs Berlin 2009 Race: 100m Men Semi Final 16 Aug 19:13

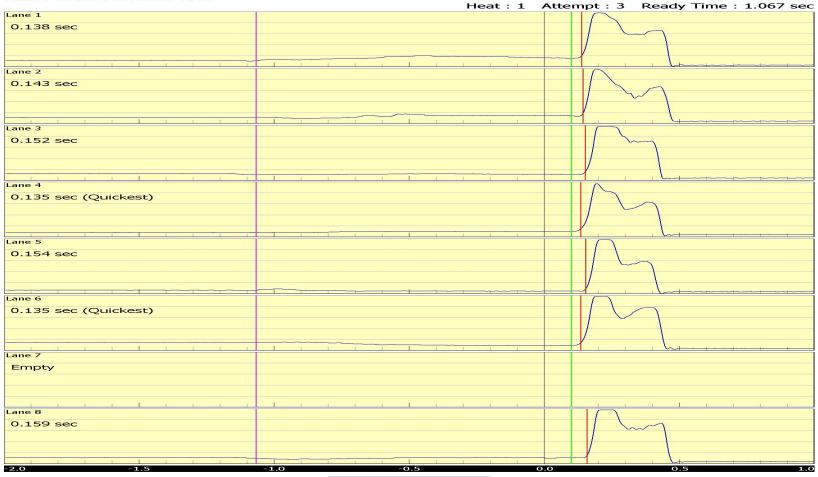






World Champs Berlin 2009 Race: 100m Men Semi Final

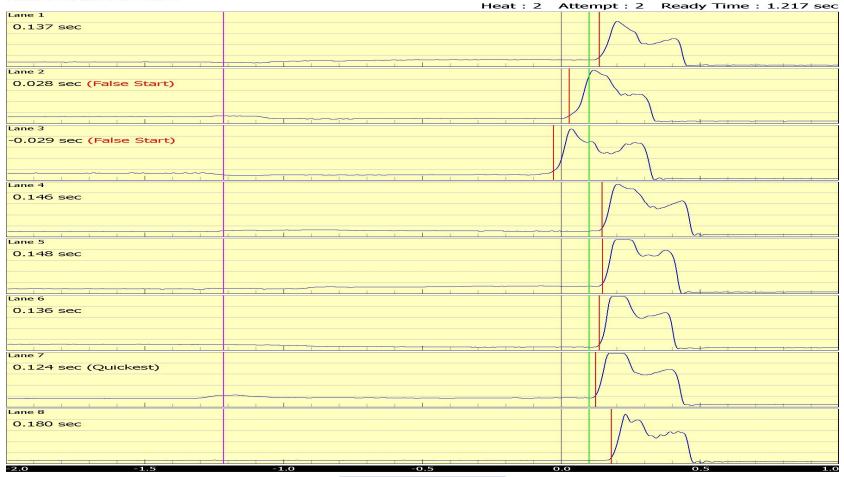
16 Aug 19:15







World Champs Berlin 2009 Race: 100m Men Rd 2 15 Aug 18:59







The Start Co-ordinator How should he/she work?

The role



- Manages all aspects of the start process
- Controls all aspects of the start process
- Draws up the duty lists
- Links all aspects of the start process
- Works with all connecting parties (photo finish, TV)
- Keeps the meeting to time

Two ways of operating



- Manages the start operation for a supervisory role. Makes no technical input or decisions
- Is the lead starter. Works as a member of the team fulfilling all the roles required. Delegates duties at certain times

Discuss the merits



The Start Referee An increasingly important role Why?



- The potential for more protests at starts
- The authority to intervene if decisions are not correct
- Must be able to 'understand the use and operation of technology
- Needs to know what is a 'good start'
- Must be at the start
- Needs technical and practical knowledge when FSE is not in use

Three ways of operating



- 1. Start referee is one of the duties allocated to the track team of referees/umpires. They rotate between starts and do not relate to start team during meeting
- 2. Start referee is a track official allocated to that duty throughout the meeting. They remain with the start team throughout
- 3. The start referee is an experienced starter. They are part of the start team throughout Discuss the merits?

The Role



- Ensure fairness
- Evaluate protests
- Issue conduct warnings (with the starter's collaboration?)
- Concentrate and record all events
- Remain Anonymous



Seiko False Start Detector

Meeting Title Event and round Attempt no.

XX=false start by lane 2

Lane order	Lane no.	Sec
1	XX2	0.064
2	4	0.112
3	5	0.131
4	6	0.136
5	7	0.142
6	3	0.145
7	8	0.162
8	1	0.176



Omega Start Control

Date

Time

Event

Round

Race no.

(in the meeting)

XX False start by 8

_		
Lane	1	0.175
Lane	2	0.149
Lane	3	0.145
Lane	4	0.112
Lane	5	0.115
Lane	6	0.151
Lane	7	0.178
Lane	XX8	0.012